

# CBCS SCHEME

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21MAT31

## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 Transform Calculus, Fourier Series and Numerical Techniques

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Find the Laplace transform

$$2^t + \frac{\cos 2t + \cos 3t}{t}$$

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the Laplace transform of the triangular wave of period
- $2c$
- given by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 < t < c \\ 2c - t & c < t < 2c \end{cases}$$

(07 Marks)

- c. Using convolution theorem find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{s}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$$

(07 Marks)

### OR

- 2 a. Express the function
- $f(t)$
- in terms of unit step function and hence find the Laplace transform

$$\text{of } f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin t & 0 < t < \pi \\ \sin 2t & \pi < t < 2\pi \\ \sin 3t & t \geq 2\pi \end{cases}$$

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the inverse laplace transform
- $\frac{2s^2 - 6s + 5}{(s-1)(s-2)(s-3)}$

(07 Marks)

- c. Solve the using Laplace transform method

$$y''(t) + 4y'(t) + 4y = e^{-t} \quad y(0) = 0 \quad y'(0) = 0$$

(07 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. Obtain the Fourier series of
- $f(x) = \frac{\pi - x}{2}$
- in
- $0 < x < 2\pi$
- . Hence deduce that

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

(06 Marks)

- b. Obtain the half range cosine series for the function
- $f(x) = 2x - 1$
- in
- $0 < x < 1$

(07 Marks)

- c. Obtain the Fourier series of
- $y$
- upto the first harmonic for the following values:

$x^\circ$	45	90	135	180	225	270	315	360
$y$	4.0	3.8	2.4	2.0	-1.5	0	2.6	3.4

(07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg, 42, 8-50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 4 a. Obtain the Fourier series of  $f(x) = x \cos x$  in the interval  $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ . (06 Marks)  
 b. Obtain the sine half range Fourier series for the function,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2Kx}{\ell} & \text{in } 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\ell}{2} \\ \frac{2K}{\ell}(\ell - x) & \text{in } \frac{\ell}{2} \leq x \leq \ell \end{cases} \quad (07 \text{ Marks})$$

- c. Obtain the constant term and the first three coefficients in the Fourier cosine series of  $y$  in the following data :

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	4	8	15	7	6	2

(07 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Find the complex Fourier transform of the function,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 - x^2 & \text{for } |x| < a \\ 0 & \text{for } |x| > a \end{cases}$$

Hence evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sin s - s \cos s}{s^3} \right) ds = \frac{\pi}{2}$ . (06 Marks)

- b. Find the Fourier sine transform of  $e^{-ax}$ . (07 Marks)  
 c. Find the z-transform of  $\cos n\theta$  and  $\sin n\theta$ . (07 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Find the Fourier cosine transform of the function,  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 4x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 4 - x & 1 < x < 4 \\ 0 & x > 4 \end{cases}$ . (06 Marks)

b. Find the inverse z-transform of  $\frac{2z^2 + 3z}{(z+2)(z-4)}$ . (07 Marks)

- c. Solve by using z-transform  $y_{n+2} - 4y_n = 0$  given that  $y_0 = 0$  and  $y_1 = 2$ . (07 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Classify the following partial differential equation

i)  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$

ii)  $x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + (1 - y^2) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$   $-\infty < x < \infty, -1 < y < 1$

iii)  $(1 + x^2) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + (5 + 2x^2) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} + (4 + x^2) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = 0$

iv)  $(x + 1) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 2(x + 2) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + (x + 3) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$  (10 Marks)

- b. Find the values of  $u(x, t)$  satisfying the parabolic equation  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$  and its boundary conditions  $u(0, t) = 0 = u(4, t)$  and  $u(x, 0) = x(4 - x)$  by taking  $h = 1$  find the value up to  $t = 5$ . (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Solve  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  in  $0 < x < 5, t \geq 0$  given that  $u(x, 0) = 20$   $u(0, t) = 0$   $u(5, t) = 100$  compute  $U$  for the time step  $h = 1$  by crank Nicholson method. (10 Marks)
- b. Solve the wave equation  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  subject to the condition  $u(0, t) = 0$   $u(4, t) = 0$   $u(x, 0) = 0$  and  $u(x, 0) = x(4 - x)$  by taking  $h = 1, K = 0.5$  up to four steps. (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Given  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2xy = 1, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0$  evaluate  $y(0.1)$  using Runge-Kutta method of order 4. (06 Marks)
- b. Derive the Euler's equation of the form  $\frac{\partial t}{\partial y} - \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\partial t}{\partial y_1} \right) = 0$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Find the extremal of the functional  $I = \int_0^{\pi/2} (y^2 - y'^2 - 2y \sin x) dx$  under the conditions  $y(0) = y(\pi/2) = 0$ . (07 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Apply Milne's predictor corrector method to solve  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 1 - 2y \frac{dy}{dx}$  at 0.8 given that  $y(0) = 0, y(0.2) = 0.02, y(0.4) = 0.0795, y(0.6) = 0.1762, y'(0) = 0, y'(0.2) = 0.1996, y'(0.4) = 0.3937, y'(0.6) = 0.5689$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Show that the geodesics on a plane are straight line. (07 Marks)
- c. Which curve the functional  $\int_0^{\pi/2} (y'^2 - y^2 + 2xy) dx, y(0) = 0, y(\pi/2) = 0$  be extremized. (07 Marks)

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